

New Diagnoses of Connective Tissue, Rheumatoid, and Autoimmune Disease

Pt. ID	Patient Information	Diagnosis	Time to Onset of Diagnosis	Rupture status	Summary	Adverse Events
	Cohort: Augmentation DOS Implant Type: textured round gel Placement: subglandular MRI Substudy: YES MRI Scan Dates: Investigator	Hashimoto's Thyroiditis	17 months (date reported : April 2002)	No rupture	Hashimoto's thyroiditis diagnosed at 2 year visit. Documented with rheumatology consult.	new diagnosis of rheumatic diseas R- unac y low nipple sensit
	Cohort: Augmentation DOS: Implant Type: smooth round gel Placement: subglandular MRI Substudy: NO MRI Scan Dates Investigator:	Rheumatoid arthritis	19 months (date reported. May 2003)	No rupture	At her two year visit, this patient reported multiple symptoms and she was referred to a rheumatologist. Doctor's notes state the patient says she probably had symptoms prior to surgery, although she did not report any at her baseline visit. Reported seronegative rheumatoid arthritis at 2 year visit.	New diagnosis of rheumatic disease 5/2003 Bilateral Baker III capsular contr.
	Cohort: Augmentation Implant Type: smooth round gel Placement: subpectoral MRI Substudy: NO MRI Scan Dates: n/a Investigator:	Hypothyroidism	32 months (date reported: June 2002)	Not scanned	At the two year visit, this patient reported multiple symptoms and she was referred to a rheumatologist. Rheumatoid arthritis reported at 2 year visit. Arthritis not mentioned in 2-year rheumatology consult. Consult was reviewed by a rheumatology expert who indicated patient had hypothyroidism and as a result has thyroiditis, which is autoimmune in origin.	New diagnosis of rheumatic disea
	Cohort: Revision DOS Implant Type: textured round gel Placement: submuscular MRI Substudy: YES MRI Scan Dates: Investigator	Fibromyalgia	12 months (date reported: 2002)	No rupture	At her two year visit, this patient reported multiple symptoms and she was referred to a rheumatologist who confirmed diagnosis of fibromyalgia	New diagnosis of rheumatic

Pt. ID	Patient Information	Diagnosis	Time to Onset of Diagnosis	Rupture Status	Summary	Adverse Events
	Cohort: Revision DOS: Impla mooth round gel Placement: submuscular MRI Substudy: NO MRI Scan Dates: n/a Investigator	Pyoderma gangrenosum	12 months (date reported: June 2002)	No scan	Pyoderma gangrenosum diagnosed at 1 year. Dermatologist treating her with steroids for pyoderma gangrenosum. A rheumatology expert reviewed the documents and said this patient could have an autoimmune disease, and it is usually associated with IBS or Crohn's disease. To be conservative, it is being reported as a new diagnosis of rheumatic disease.	New diagnosis of rheumatic disease 2/2002 Left breast pain not associated with other complication 8/9/01 Infection 7/30/01
	Cohort: Reconstruction DOS: 11/13/01 Implant Type: textured round gel Placement: submuscular MRI Substudy: YES MRI Scan Dates: 7/25/02, 8/26/03 Investigator:	Fibromyalgia	9 months (date reported: July 2002)	No rupture	At the 1 year visit, patient reported multiple symptoms and was referred to a rheumatologist who confirmed diagnosis of fibromyalgia.	Asymmetry on Right side 1/28/02



Core Gel Breast IDE Clinical Trial

2 YEAR VISIT

PATIENT STUDY ID:

TRIAL NO. | COUNTRY NO | |

SITE NO

PATIENT NO

PATIENT INITIALS

INVESTIGATOR-COMPLETED RHE	UMATIC DISEASE DIAGNOSIS QUESTIO	NNAIR	RE.		-		<u>.</u>
Has the patient been diagnosed by a If YES, complete Adverse Event	RHEUMATOLOGIST for any of the following freport.	g sinc e	e the la	ast visi	1?		
RHEUMA	ATIC DISEASE	NO	YES	(if I	OF ONSE (nown)	j	
Connective Tissue Disorders:	SLE			month	year		
	Sjogren's Syndrome						
	Scleroderma						
	Polymyositis						
	Other Connective Tissue Disorders						
Inflammatory Arthritis:	Rheumatoid Arthritis			ì		_	
	Crystalline Arthritis						4
	Infectious Arthritis						
	Spondyarthropathies						
	Other Inflammatory Arthritis						
Non-Inflammatory Rheumatic Cond	itions: Osteoarthritis						
	Fibromyalgia					-	
	Chronic Fatigue					_	
	Other Mechanical or Degenerative						
Other, specity.	<u> </u>			1	-	_	
Other, specify:							<u></u>
Disease must be diagnosed by a med	umatologist.						
Rheumatologist who mad							
Name:	, -						
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NOVEMAL MENTOR AFFILIATE

ARTHRITIS AND COLLAGEN VASCULAR DISEASES

December 10, 2002

whom you so kindly referred, was seen for rheumatologic evaluation on December 10, and the following is a summary of my findings and recommendations.

This 33-year-old woman gave a history of having bilateral breast implants in November of 2000. She has done very well with these and is satisfied with the results. However, in May of 2002, she developed evidence of Hashimoto's thyroiditis, with an elevated TSH level and an elevated thyroid antibody level as well. On direct questioning, she has no clinical symptoms to suggest other autoimmune diseases except for mild muscle aching which she has had over the last two months.

The additional medical history reveals that she has had elevated lipid values. In February of 1999 she had anterior cruciate ligament repair in the left knee following a ski accident, and in September of 2001 she again had surgery on the left knee for a meniscal tear from a soccer injury.

She is allergic to sulfa.

There is no family history of any significant arthritis.

The physical examination showed a 33-year-old woman with a blood pressure of 110/80, pulse 60, temperature 98. She was five feet, three inches in height and 124 pounds in weight. The general physical examination showed the bilateral breast implants. The musculoskeletal examination showed evidence of prior surgery involving the left knee, but no evidence of synovitis involving any joints of the upper or the lower extremities. She had some tightening of the paracervical and trapezius musculature felt to be related to stress.

Laboratory studies done in Santa Cruz on May 23, 2002 showed an elevated value for thyroid peroxidase and a normal value for thyroglobulin AB. TSH

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was also elevated at an time at 54 37. On November 20, 2002, an ANA was 0.3. HIV antibody was negative A CBC was normal and the sedimentation rate was 12.

Cholesterol levels in May of 2002 showed a total cholesterol of 243, triglycerides 114, HDL cholesterol 55, and LDL cholesterol 165.

No x-rays were taken here.

It is my impression that has the following:

- 1. A history of bilateral breast implants in November of 2000 with good results.
- 2. History of the development of Hashimoto's thyroiditis in May of 2002, with seemingly adequate control on Synthroid 1 milligram daily.
- 3. Hyperlipidemia. These studies will need to be repeated once her thyroid is adequately regulated
- 4. Despite the development of Hashimoto's thyroiditis, I could no find evidence of any other autoimmune disease.
- 5 History of two surgical procedures on the left knee, including an anterior cruciate ligament repair and a meniscal tear repair.
- 6. History of sulfa allergy. The patient should therefore not take Celebrex in the future.

In order to assess her status further, I did an immunologic profile and asked her to call me in two weeks so that I can give her those results. Copies of those laboratory studies will be forwarded to your office.

Many thanks for allowing us to share in her care. I did not give her another appointment to return here, but would be happy to see her again any time you may feel it indicated.

Best regards,

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MRI BREAST BILATERAL

HISTORY: MENTOR CORE GEL BREAST STUDY

TECHNIQUE: Examination performed on the Siemens 1.5 T Vision unit.

Sagittal and axial T2 weighted sequences were obtained.

FINDINGS: The patient has bilateral breasts implants. The implants are not fully distended and have multiple folds and radial folds. There is no extraluminal fluid or abnormal signal seen. There is no fluid collection or cyst. No other masses or lesions are identified.

The implants are not subpectoral.

IMPRESSION: Bilateral breast implants but no evidence of leakage or rupture.



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RADIOLOGIC CONSULTATION

MRI Silicone Breast Implant Evaluation Data Sheet

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PATIENT TRIAL NO	COUNTRY NO PATIENT NO	
STUDY ID: 10-009	0 0 1 .	
MRI EVALUATION		
Patient's Date of Birth:		
. MRI Reviewer:	 11 11 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Scan Quality (check one):
Date of MRI Evaluation:	month day year	2 Adequate 3 Inadequate
	RIGHT	LEFT
,	Not Implanted with Study Device	Not Implanted with Study Device
Device Placement:	1 Submuscular 2 Subglandular	1 Submuscular 2 Subglandular
implant Type:	1 Smooth 2 Siltex	1 Smooth 2 Siltex
implant Evaluation:	1 No Evidence of Rupture 2 Indeterminate Evidence of Rupture	1 No Evidence of Rupture 2 Indeterminate Evidence of Rupture
	3 Rupture: Check one Type: 1 Intracapsular	3 Rupture: Check one Type: 1 Intracapsular
	1 Intracapsular 2 Extracapsular	2 Extracapsular
	Check one Condition:	Check one Condition:
	1 Dncollapsed	1 Uncoliapsed
	2 Partially Collapsed	² Partially Collapsed
	3 Fully Collapsed (linguini sign)	3 Fully Collapsed (linguini sign)
Soft Tissue Evaluation:	No Evidence of Extracapsular Silicone	No Evidence of Extracapsular Silicone
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	3 Definite Extracapsular Silicone	3 Definite Extracapsular Silicone
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This study was not designed to detect breast cancer, and so the findings and impressions here should not replace routine screening mammography and clinical examination. Some implent ruptures and small amounts of soft tissue silicone below our thresholds for detection may not be seen by this method.

ATIENT TRIAL NO	COUNTRY NO TOTAL O	PATIENT INITIALS PATIENT SOCIAL SECURITY NO.
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atient's Date of Birth:	moritn day year	
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	·	ı Inadequate
	RIGHT	LEFT
	Not Implanted with Study Device	Not Implanted with Study Device
Device Placement:	Submuscular	1 Submuscular
	2 Subglandular	2 Subglandular
(It)		
Implant Evaluation:	No Evidence of Rupture	No Evidence of Rupture
	2 Indeterminate Evidence of Rupture	2 Indeterminate Evidence of Rupture
	3 Rupture: Check one Type:	3 Rupture.
	1 Intracapsular	Check one Type: 1
	2 Extracapsular	1 Intracapsular 2 Extracapsular
	Check one Condition:	Check one Condition:
	1 Uncollapsed	1 Uncollapsed
		2 Partially Collapsed
	2 Partially Collapsed	
	Partially Collapsed Fully Collapsed (linguini sign)	3 Fully Collapsed (linguini sign)
Soft Tissue Evaluation:	Fully Collapsed (linguini sign)	3 Fully Collapsed (Irnguini sign)
Soft Tissue Evaluation:	Fully Collapsed (linguini sign) No Evidence of Extracapsular Silicone	Fully Collapsed (linguini sign) No Evidence of Extracapsular Silicone
Soft Tissue Evaluation:	Fully Collapsed (linguini sign) No Evidence of Extracapsular Silicone	3 Fully Collapsed (Irnguini sign)
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This study was not designed to detect breast cancer, and so the findings and impressions here should not replace routine screening mammography and clinical examination. Some implant ruptures and small amounts of soft tissue silicone below our thresholds for detection may not be seen by this method

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Core Gel Breast IDE Clinical Trial

2 YEAR VISIT

ATIENT STUDY ID:

TRIAL NO	CC	DUNTR
10-009	0	0

SITE NO

PATIENT INITIALS

10-009 0	0 1	•	-	<u>_</u>	_	
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Loss of weight without dieting						
Fatigue		囟	11	02		
Insomnia		×	ŢΙ	02		
Weakness						
Exhaustion						
Joint swelling						
Heel pain						
Frequent muscle cramps						
Numbness of feet						
Ringing in ears						
Pain/grittiness in eyes						
Dryness of eyes, nose						
Pain on swallowing or chewing						
Neck pain/stiffness						
Pain on breathing						
Heart murmurs						
Loss of appetite						
Persistent fever						
Night sweats						
Generalized aching						
Loss of height						
Joint pain						
Frequent muscle pain				-		

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RHEUMATOLOGY SYMPTOMS (Page 2 of 2) Please check any current symptoms which: 1. The patient experiences on a regular basis 2. The cause is unknown and cannot be attributed to	any patient ac	tivity.				_
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Jaw pain						
Open sores						
Redness of eyes						
Dryness of mouth						
Back pain/stiffness		(X)	10	or		
Severe chest pains						
ronic cough						
Difficulty swallowing						
Frequent, severe or persistent diarrhea or constipation						
Severe rashes						
Frequent muscle cramps						
Severe dryness of skin						
Tender lumps/bumps						
Excessive sensitivity to sun						
Color changes on hands or feet with cold exposure						
Joint pain						
Frequent hives						
Numbness of hands						
Tightness of skin						
Jnusual hair loss						
Tenderness of scalp						
Severe bruising with little or no mury			1			

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DATA CLARIFICATION FORM

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PAGE 31



New Diagnosis of Connective Tissue Disease Patient Summaries

Study ID

Cohort: Augmentation

DOS: 10/23/01

Implant Type: smooth round gel

Placement: subglandular MRI Substudy: NO MRI Scan Date - \$/29/03

Investigator: (

The patient was enroned in the Core Gel Study on 10/23/01 in the Augmentation cohort. At the baseline and 1 year visits, no rheumatic symptoms were reported.

At her two year visit, this patient reported the following symptoms: loss of weight without dieting, fatigue, weakness, exhaustion, joint swelling, frequent muscle cramps, pain on swallowing or chewing, loss of appetite, generalized aching, joint pain, frequent muscle pain, jaw pain, back pain/stiffness, frequent diarrhea, frequent muscle cramps and severe bruising with little or no injury. She was referred to a rheumatologist, Dr.

Joctor's notes state the patient says she probably had them prior to surge,, athough she did not report any at her baseline visit. Seronegative rheumatoid arthritis was reported at the 2 year visit. This diagnosis was made 19 months post surgery.

Dr. Albert notes the following laboratory values:

CPK 62 ESR 5

CMV, IgM, monospot negative TSH normal

WBC 5700 with 68% SEG's, 28% lymphs

Hemoglobin 1 2.6 Platelets 197,000

s consult states that all her studies were negative. The patient was started on MTX 10 mg and Bextra 20 mg.

At the 2 year visit the following symptoms were reported: loss of weight without dieting, fatigue, weakness, exhaustion, joint swelling, frequent muscle cramps, pain on swallowing and chewing, neck pain/stiffness, heart murmurs, loss of appetite, generalized aching, joint pain, frequent muscle pain, numbness of hands, back pain/stiffness, frequent diarrhea, color changes on hands or feet with cold exposure, and severe bruising with little or no injury.

The patient had an MRI scan of the breasts on 8/29/03. No rupture was found.

The patient continues in the Core Gel Study under the care of a She is due for her 3 year follow-up visit in 2004.

Core Gel Breast **IDE Clinical Trial**

2 YEAR VISIT

PATIENT STUDY ID:

TRIAL NO.

COUNTRY NO.

SITE NO

PATIENT NO

10-009

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	UMATIC DISEASE DIAGNOSIS QUESTIO			4!-!!	12	gnosis made
If YES, complete Adverse Event	RHEUMATOLOGIST for any of the following Report.	g since	e the 12	ast visi		
RHEUMA	TIC DISEASE	NO	YES	1	OF ONSET (nown) year	
Connective Tissue Disorders:	SLE				,	
	Sjogren's Syndrome					
	Scleroderma					
	Polymyositis					
	Other Connective Tissue Disorders					
Inflammatory Arthritis:	Rheumatoid Arthritis		Ø	05	2003	
	Crystalline Arthritis					
	Infectious Arthritis					
	Spondyarthropathies					
	Other Inflammatory Arthritis					
Non-Inflammatory Rheumatic Condi	itions: Osteoarthritis					
	Fibromyalgia					
	Chronic Fatigue					
	Other Mechanical or Degenerative					
Other, specify:						
Other, specify:						
Disease must be diagnosed by a rheural Rheurnatologist who made diagnosis:	-					
Name:						
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◆	MEN	TOR	Core G						2 YEAR VISIT				
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Enter	one advers	e event pe	er ilns. II the	event	was ex	perien	ced at i	more th	Bn Oile Bejly	r each body site on a separate line.			
CODE' 1 = Procedure related SIDE BRE (See 2 = Device related 0 = N/A 0 = Below) 3 = Unknown 1 = Right 1 = 4 = Other 2 = Left 2 = 3 =			ASSO BREA 0 = N 1 = M	CIATED ST PAIN one IId oderete	-	2 = Moderate 2 = 3 = Severe 3 = inth day year 4 =		SEVERITY 1 = Mild 2 = Moderate	TREATMENT REQUIRED (check at that apply)	OUTCOME 1 = Resolved 2 = Origoing 3 = Death 4 = Unknown	RESOLUTION DATE		
18	□ 1 □ 2	/	□1 ′	250 □1 □2		5	UNK	2003	☐ 1 · · · · · ☐ 2 5 € 3	D 4days, Date: 5 Rhournaturd (Lubr) occodure Type Code †: Procedure Date:	' "	*	
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Ipvo	aligator's Signa	C.C.; j	<u> </u>			+	<u>~</u> ~ 1	<u> </u>	morr	Complete Secondary Procedury implanted, complete Re-Implanted		study device is 🗼	
1 = Asymmetry(** 1 = Asymmetry(** 2 = Baker II Capsular Contracture with Surgical intervention 3 = Baker III Capsular Contracture 17 = New Diagnosis of 18 = New Diagnosis of							10 = N 17 = N 18 = N 19 = N 20 = N 21 = P 22 = P 22 = P 24 = S 25 = S 26 = S	ymphadei ecrosis ew Diagra ew Diagra pecity: Sipple—Ui ipple—Ui ipple—Ui costion Ci tosis tuptura eroma itre Chan itre Chan	cosis of Breast C. cosis of Rheumal <u>Property 9 4</u> recceptably Low recceptably High hange	30 ≈ Other, apecify:	81 = Biopsy 82 = Cepsulector 83 = Explantation 84 = Explantation 85 = Inclaion and 88 = Mastropory 87 = Open Cepst 88 = Position Chi 89 = Scar Revisk 90 = Skin Adjustr 91 = Other, speci	n with Replacement* n without Replacement i Drainage utotomy ange on	

PINK: MYESTIGATOR BITE

YELLOW: MONTOR

WHITE ORIGINAL MENTOR AFFILIATE

PAGE 75

N. C.

p.2

07-10-2003

O/V Follow up

HISTORY: The seen with her husband to review her test results. All of her studies were negative. She found that increasing the Bextra helped her morning with the stiffness, but she still is experiencing profound fatigue by the afternoon. She asked me if her silicone get implants could be the cause of her joint symptoms. She says that to her knowledge they have not leaked, but she has not had any regular imaging study. She did have hardening problems after they were put in 2 years ago.

PHYSICAL EXAM: The same stiffly.

EXTREMITIES: Shoulders show slightly stiff range of motion. Elbows are clear. Wrists and MCP's and PIP's all have trace to 1+ synovitis with a slight reddish purple hae and swelling and tenderness. Knees have the same findings and MTP's.

ASSESSMENT:

Serunegative rhousassid arthritis and I explained to them that this can evolve over time and clarify itself as to the
diagnosis such as pacriatic arthritis or other, but that we need to begin treatment. She's going to take MTX 10 mg.
PO Q week and Bextra 20 mg PO BID. She is warned of potential side effects and toxicity and understands not to
drink alcohol. She can not get programs.

Silicone gel implants - we're going to consult with Dr. Hollingsworth as to what is the best imaging study for her to have and what is recommended now for follow up of silicone gel implants. I explained to her the population based study which did not show a connection between the implants and amointmune disease, but on an individual bases, I am not sure. Certainly it would not be good if she had leakage and free silicone in her body.

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06-30-2003

a primary care who is a personal friend is a 32 year old Cancasian female who sees and who's busband asked me to evaluate her regarding her symptoms. It seems that I month ago, the began experiencing extreme to did blood work and then she went to Hawaii with her fatigue and muscle screness and cramping. She a stiffness in her hands and feet. She stopped taking Zelnovm busband on a trip and while there began having a and though that her calves stopped cramping. When suc returned home, she saw Dr. Nagode's PA who gave her a Depo-Medrol shot and Colobrex and 24 hours later she felt a little bit better, but at 48 hours, she staned having swelling in her MCP's. By then, she was also having pain and stiffness in her ankles and elbows and intermittently in her shoulders and hips and knees. She has not had any rash throughout this and denies tick exposure, children having recent immunizations, although 1 child did have strep become ill. She has occasional post-nasal drip and simp pressure for years. She feels her chronic TMI symptoms are getting worse. She's been constipated all of her life, but has had I episode of diarrhea that basted 10 days in the last few months when they were moving to a new house. There was no blood or muous in it. On June 10th, her CMP was normal including a CPK of 62. Her ESR was normal at 5, CMV, IgM and monospot negative, TSH normal. White blood cell count 5700 with 68% SEG's, 28% lymphs, hemoglobin 12.6, platelets 197,000. She's always had very cold hands and feet and typically has to wear sock in bed at night. She's not noticed color change in her hands when they are cold, but does have symptoms going to cold stores and during the winner time. She has had I miscarriage, but no thromboris and no biologic false positive VDRL. The rest of her theumstologic review of systems is negative.

PAST MEDICAL HISTORY: IBS, histal bernia.

CURRENT MEDICATIONS: Prevacid 30 mg PO QD, Bextra 20 mg PO QD, Yaamin 28 PO QD, Prenaval vitamin QD, vitamin E 3 QD, vitamin C QD, calcium and Viactiv QD.

ALLERGIES: None brown

PAST SURGICAL HISTORY: Toosillectomy, TAH, breast augmentation.

FAMILY HISTORY: Father has a histal hernia. Mother has esteographic and thyroid disease. Grandmother and must have breast cancer and a great maternal sumt has rhoumatoid arthritis. She's 1.78th Cherokee.

REVIEW OF SYSTEMS: See intake form.

PHYSICAL EXAM: Mrs. Potest appears her stated age in no scute discress today, but proves stiffly. Weight 134, B/P 112/80. HEENT: No scalp rash or alopecia. Popils round & reactive to light. Extra ocular movements are intact. Oral pharynx is clear with a good saliva pool.

NECK: Good range of motion. No shormal lymphadenopathy, thyromegaly or JVD.

CHEST: Clear throughout.

CARDIOVASCULAR: Regular rate & rhythm without muranir, gallop or rub.

ABDOMEN: Soft, non-tender. No hepstospicnomegaly. Normal active bowel sounds x 4.

EXTREMITIES: Shoulders are stiff with range of motion in all directions. Elbows are blear. Right wrist with trace synovins. Left wrist is stiff. MCP's stiff, but no swelling, warmth or crythems. PIP's show trace swelling and she only had 75% closure in her PIP's. She has some periungual crythems. She has obvious Raynand's that is triplastic involving her hands diffusely bilaterally as well as her feet. There are no digital ulcers and there's no clear sclerodactyry at this time, just borderline skin changes distally that are rather subtle and questionable. Hips are clear. Knees show right patellofemental click and slight medial instability. Ankles are clear. Toes diffusely tender.

SKIN: No resh.

BACK: Normal without scollosis or SI joint tenderness.

ASSESSMENT:

1. History of joint pain and stiffness that can lest hours acute onset that's fairly symmetrical involving large and analy joints, but certainly should be acreeded for rheumatoid arthritis, other according much as input or

1 1

scleroderma. We'll do a rheumatoid factor, anti-CCP, ANA, anti-SSA, SSB, SM, RNP anti-carcholipin since she' had a miscarriage, CRP and she needs a hepatitis C IgG screen due to other information she shared with me. I have advised her in the interim to increase her Bextra to 20 mg PO BID and I will see her in I week to review these test results.

ENA ANTIBODIES

- REPORT CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE -

STRONG POSITIVE

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IU/ML

IU/HL

> 300

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	1 1/1			
DATE RE-SENT: AUG I REPORT STATUS: FINAL	M YEARS HAS! LARM HAS! LARM HAS! LARM HAS! LARM HAS LARM			
••• AN ADDITIONAL FAX COP	PY OF THIS REPORT PATIENT	T MAS SENT TO: PHONE NUMBER:		,,,
RESULT NAME BLODD CHEMISTRY	IN RANGE OUT	DF RANGE	REFERENCE UNIT	5
NO HEMOLYSIS DETECTED NO LIPENIA DETECTED TOTAL BILIRUBIN DIRECT BILIRUBIN AST (SGOT) ALT (SGPT) ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE TOTAL PROTEIN ALBUMIN	0. 5 0. 1 11 13 43 6. B 4. 5		0, 2 - 1, 3 MG/DL 0, 0 - 0, 2 MG/DL < 45 U/L < 45 U/L 40 - 125 U/L 8, 3 - 7, 8 G/DL 3, 7 - 5, 2 G/DL	
HEMATOLOGY HGB		10. 7	12.0 - 18.0 G/DL	
HCT RBC MCV	16	32. 2 3. 50	39.0 - 48.0 X	ON/MCL
NCH McHC	30, 3 33, 2		28.0 - 35.0 PG 36.0 - 37.0 G/OL	
ROW WOC MEUTROPHILS	14. 4 5. 8	40	11.5 - 14.5 % 4.0 - 11.0 K/MC1 42 - 77 %	•
LYMPHOCYTËS MONOCYTES EOSINOPHILS BASOPHILS	7 2 2	50	16 - 49 X 4 - 12 X 0 - 8 X 0 - 3 X	
PLATELET COUNT END OF	191 F REPORT FOR POT	EET,	130 - 400 K/MCC	-
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PATIENT:
CLIENT PATIENT 10: 7
RED NUMBER: 76889881-16
  ID OR RO
                                                              YEARS
                                                                       HRS:
           DATE/TIME COLL:
                                             Jul 01 2003 12:30 PM
Jul 02 2003 03:00 AM
           DATE RECEIVED:
DATE REPORTED:
DATE RE-SENT:
                                             Jul 08
                                              2003 60 1PC
           REPORT STATUS:
                                              FINAL REPORT
 ESULT NAME
                                                                                  OUT OF RANGE
                                                                                                                             REFERENCE
                                                          IN RANGE
  ANTI-Sm
                                                                                                                                                  U/HL
                                                                    <0.1
  ANTI-Sm/RNP
                                                                     0. 1
  INA SCREEN
                                                             NEGATIVE
                                                                                                                               NEGATIVE
  MMUNDLOGY
ANTI-STREPTOLYSIN O
                                                                                                                                 0 - 200 IU/ML
< 14 IU/ML
    MEUMATOID FACTOR
                                                   · AT:
                                                   ,C
                                                                         BO0-338-3718
 IH.
 lardiolipin Antibody Panel
   irdiolipin Antibody Panel
 urdialipin IgA Antibody <14
Reference range APL Units/mL
                                                                                                                                          <14 APL U/mL
    Negative
                                                         214
     LOW POBILIVE
     Medium Positive
                                                           20-80
High Positive 20-80
     High Positive
                                                                                                                                          <12 GPL U/mL
Regative (12 Low Positive 12-18 Medium Positive 20-80 High Positive 380 The 1999 International Consensus Statement etates that one criterion for the serological diagnosis of Definite Antiphospholipid Syndrome is the presente of Cardiolipin antibody (ACA) IgG and/or light in the blood that are in the medium or high positive ranges on 2 or more occasions, at least weeks apart. Population studies indicate that approximately 8.5% of the normal population are positive for ACA IgG whereas approximately 10.8% of normal pregnancies are positive. Caution should therefore be exercised in interpretting the relevance of low levels of cardiolipin antibodies.
Cardiolipin ig# Antibody <11
PPL Units/#L
                                                                                                                                           cli MPL U/mL
                                                - REPORT CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE -
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Distribute to: .

ite #: 0100131890

Report: 1/1

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PATIENT: CLIENT RED NUMBER: 76889981-16 IO OR ROOM NO: UNKNOWN DOB/AGE: DATE D/32 YEARS
SEX: U FASTING: NO HRS:
DATE/TIME COLL: Jul 01 2003 12.30 PM
DATE RECEIVED: Jul 02 2003 03:00 AM
DATE REPORTED: Jul 09 2003 DATE RECEIVED: DATE REPORTED: DATE RE-SENT: Jul 09 5003 REPORT STATUS: FINAL REPORT ESULT NAME OUT OF RANGE REFERENCE UNITS IN RANGE Negotive Low Positive <11 Low Positive 20-80

Medium Positive 20-80

Migh Positive 380

The 1989 International Consensus Statement states that one criterion for the sarological diagnosis of Definite Antiphospholipid Syndrome is the creance of cardiolipin antibody (ACA) IgG and/or 1gM in the blood that are in the medium or high cositive ranges on 2 or more occasions, at loss to weeks apart. Population studies indicate that improximately 8.4% of the normal population ore positive for ACA IgH whereas approximately 17% of the normal oregnancies are positive. Caution should, 11-19 hormal pregnancies are positive Caution should, herefore be exercised in interpreting the relevance of low levels of cardiolipin antibodies. mooth Muscle Ab Titer 400th Muscle Ab Titer 1:20 <1:20 TYCLIC CITRULLINATED PEPTIDE (CCP) IGG AB TYCLIC CITRULLINATED PEPTIDE (CCP) IGG AB, ELISA CCP IGG UNITS REFERENCE RANGE: c 20 Unita INTERPRETIVE CRITERIA: c 20 Units Antibody Not Detected Antibody Detected This also measures IgG antibodies recognizing a circular peptide containing citrulline, the deimidated form of arginine. CCP antibodies, like rheumatoid factor (RF), are found in approximately 70% of patients with rheumatoid arthritis (RA). However, the specificity of CCP antibodies (>95%) is markedly higher than that of RF (85-80%). CCP antibodies may be detected in the early stages of disease, before RF is detectable. RA patients with CCP antibodies tend to develop more severe disease compared to patients without CCP antibodies. It was recently shown that antibodies. It was recently shown that entikeratin entibodies and entifillegrin antibodies actually recephize citrulline, and ere thus identical to CCP antibodies.

This assay was performed using a kit lobuled "For Investigational Use Only" by - REPORT CONTINUED ON MEXT PAGE -

ACCOUNT: TEAT

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405-038

PLENT INFORMATION

REPORT STATUS FIREL

DEDERING PRINCIPAL

(. ____ .

Age: 32

CLIENT ISPONMATION 00003543

ID: 47281

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CENTRE

GPECIMEN: EEGGGG : NOITEGINGER

EDECINEN INFORMATION

LAS REP PO:

COLLECTED: 06/10/2003 17:00 RECRIVED 06/10/2003 20:45 msforted : 06/16/2003 05:54

X0393259C

Test Habe Out of Range Beforesce Range In Lange COMPREHENSIVE METABOLIC XO PANEL **GLUCOBE** 65-109 MG/DL .. PASTING REFERENCE INTERVAL URRA MITROCWN (BUN) 7-25 MG/DL 11 0.5-1.2 MG/DL CREATIBINE 9.8 BUN/CREATININE RATIO 6-25 (CALC) 16 135-146 MOL/L CODIUM 142 2.5-8.3 1010L/L POTABBIUM 4.5 CHLORIDE 106 90-110 MMOL/L 8.5-10.4 MG/DL 9.7 CALCIUM PROTEIN, TOTAL 6.0-8.3 Q/DE . 7.3 3.7-8.1 4/DL ALBUMIN 4.4 2.2-4.2 G/DL (CALC) GLOBULIN 2.9 ALBUMIN/GLOBULIN RATIO 0.8-2.0 [CALC] 1.1 BILIRUBIN, TOTAL 0.2-1.3 MG/DL 0.5 20-125 U/L ALKALINE PHOSUMATARE 62 AST 2-35 U/L 13 2-40 U/L ALT 9 IO 0-165 D/L CREATINE EINASE, TOTAL 62 SED RATE SY MODIFIED XO **VESTERGREN** SHD RATE BY NODIFIED c OR = 20 MM/HR Westergren

> BER SPECIMENS ARE STABLE FOR 4-6 HOURS AT BOOM TEMPERATURE (12 HOURS IF REFAIGERATED). ESR RESULTS TRUNG LOWER WITH INCREMORD EPECIMEN ACE. CONSIDER USE OF C-REACTIVE PROTEIN TO ASSESS ACUTE PRASE

RESPONSES.

CHC (INCLUDES DIFF/PLI) 3,8-10.8 THOUS/NCL WHITE SLOOD CELL COUNT 5.7 3.80-8.10 MILL/MCL RED BLOOD CELL COUNT 4.03 11.7-25.5 G/DL **HEMOGLOBIN** 12.6 15.0-45.B ¥ KENATOCRIT 36.5 80.0-100.0 FL MCA 35.4 27.0-33.0 PG HCR 31.2 32.0-36.0 G/DL HCRC 14.5 11.0-15.0 * ROM 13.6

XQ393259C

Page 1 - Continued on Pag

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editant information

REPORT STATUS PIREL

POB : GENDER: F Age : 32

AMPORTED: 05/16/2003 05:54

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Test Home	In Range ' Out	os kanpe	Reference Ranga	Lab
CBC (INCLUDES DIPP/PLT) (Continue	4)			
PLATELET COURT	197		140-400 THOUS/NCL	
ADSOLUTE MEUTROPHILE	3442		1500-7400 CELLE/NCL	
ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTES	1619		950-3900 CELLS/MCL	
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ABSOLUTE COSTHOPKILS	40		15-500 CELLE/MCL	
elihqodae etulobba	27		0-200 CELLS/MCL	
Neutrophile	68.1		•	
Lymphocytes	20.4		} •	
Hono Cytre	2.4		•	
EOLING PHILE	. 9. 7		-	
Basophils	0.4		•	
CMV IGM ANTIBODY				xo
CYTONEGALDVIRUS ION AB	MEGRIIVE		[
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PIROT TRIMESTER BECOMD TRIMESTER TRIRD TRIMESTER 0.30-4.50 03.5-00.0 0.40-5.20

MEGATIVE

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HETEROPHILE. MONO SCREEN

RECATIVE

Page 1 - Coatinued on Fage

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Mercar states Final

GENDER: P

Age: 32

06/16/2003 BEFORTED 08:54

TEST AUTHORIEATION THET WANS:

Test Mane

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Lab X0

TEST CODE: CLIENT CONTACT:

> THE CABORATORY TESTING ON THIS PATIENT WAS VERBALLY REQUESTED OR COMPIRHED BY THE ORDERING PHYSICIAN OR HIS OR HER AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE AFTER CONTACT WITH AN EMPLOYED OF QUART DIAGNOSTICS.
> PROBRAL REGULATIONS REQUIRE THAT WE HAINTAIN ON FILE WRITTEN AUTHORIZATION FOR ALL LABORATORY THETING. ACCORDINGLY WE ARE ASKING TRAT THE ORDERING PHYSICIAM OR HIS OR HER AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE SIGN A COPY OF THIS REPORT AND PROMPTLY RETURN IT TO THE CLIMET SERVICE REPRESENTATIVE.

SIGNATURE:

rattaerrie mennternt turnstrations

GRACINGETE LABORATORY OF ORCANOMA 1044 CONNECT PARTIES BELLEGIOR CITY UK - 1144 LABORATORY OF FILMAND - TOTAL MATERIAL TO

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⇔ MENT	MRI Silicone Breast Im	plant Evaluation Data Sheet
TRIA	L. P.O. COUNTRY NO PATIENT NO.	PATIENT INITIALS PATIENT SOCIAL BEQUARTY NO
PATIENT 10-	009 0 0 0 1 4	
31001 10.	009 0 0 1 1	
MRI EVALUATION		
Patient's Date of Bir	r:	
MRI Reviewer		Scan Quality (check one):
	10 (11) (11) 2 m 31	, Good
Date of MRI Evaluat	10n: 018 219 2203	1 Adequate
	moran day year	s 🔲 Inadequate
	RIGHT	1.500
	Not Implanted with Study Device	LEFT Not Implicated with Study Davids
		Not Implanted with Study Device
Device Placement	- Gubmusestar	Submuscular
	2- Subglandular	2 Subgiandular
Implant Type:	- Smooth	3mooth
	, Siltex	₂ Sittex.
Implant Evaluation	No Evidence of Rupture	No Evidence of Rupture
	2 Indeterminate Evidence of Rupture	Indeterminate Evidence of Rubbire
	3 Rupture:	Rupture:
	Check one Type:	Chack one Type:
	ı 🔲 İntracapsular	ı 🔲 İntracapsular
	2 Extracapsular	2 Extracapsular
	Check one Condition;	Check one Condition:
	1 Uncollapsed	1 Uncollapsed
	z Partially Collapsed	Partially Collapsed
	3 Fully Collapsed (linguini sign)	Fully Collapsed (linguini sign)
Soft Tissue Evalua		
COR 1133DE EVERIDA	The Evidence of Exademodes of Chapter	Mo Evidence of Extracapsular Silicone
	2 Indeterminate for Extracapsular Silicone	Indeterminate for Extracapsular Silicons
	Definite Extracapsular Silicone	Definite Extracapsular Silicone
Notes:	MPT. GC	14 50
110000.	74/64	
		1/ Nu 1/112 ma 31
Reviewer's Signatu	ITPA	month on vest
	## #	

This study was not designed to detect breast cancer, and so the findings and impressions here should not replace routine screening mammagraphy and clinical exemination. Some implant ruptures and small amounts of soft tissue silicone below our thresholds for detection may not be seen by this method.

Name:
Phys: Dr
Dob:

Acct:

Acct:
Exam Date: 08/2_,2003 Status: REG REF

Radicic ~ No.

Pati.

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EXAMS: 001189539 MRI BREAST BILAT WITHOUT CONTR

Clinical Data: CORE STUDY

MRI BREAST BILATERAL WITHOUT CONTRAST FOR THE MENTOR STUDY - 08/29/03

MRI SEOUENCES:

Axial T2 and fat-suppressed T2 as well as sagittal T2 with water-suppressed pulsing sequences were performed of both breasts using a Siemens 1.5 Tesla magnet and a bilateral breast coil.

RIGHT BREAST: There is a subglandular silicone implant in place. Some prominent folds are demonstrated; however, there is no definite MRI evidence to suggest either intra- cr extracapsular rupture of the implant. The breast parenchyma is dense.

LEFT BREAST: On the left there is a silicone implant in place with some prominent folds. There is no definite evidence of intra- or extracapsular rupture of the implant.

Report was stat faxed to 1340 hours.

** REPORT SICTIMURE ON FILE 09/07 '2003 ** Reported By: Signed By:

Cc:

Dictated Date/Time: 09/04/2003 (1326) Transcribed Date/Time: 09/04/2003 (1341)

Transcriptionist: MER TCT

Printed Date/Time: 09/05/2003 (1101)

PAGE 1

Signed Report

Piastic, Laser & ____

Where top training and beautiful results meet

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November 20, 2003

Jastic

Attn: Carolyn Offutt Mentor Corporation 201 Mentor Drive

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Santa Barbara, CA. 93111

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Dear Carolyn,

was seen in our office on September 3, 2003 for follow-up two-year Core Gel Study. On examination she was found to have Baker II contractures bilaterally, with good contour and symmetry. On completion of her questionnaire, she does note multiple symptoms of arthritis. She has had a rheumatology work-up by I I have a copy of these findings in her chart and can make them available to you if needed. Basically, the findings were within normal. ... nas diagnosed this as Seronegative rheumatoid arthritis. I sent her tor an MRI which was also normal.

initial consult did not disclose any arthritic type symptoms, and this is confirmed by the initial questionnaires. At her two-year follow-up she does state that she probable had these symptoms prior to surgery. We proceeded with surgery based on her denial of any arthritic conditions.

If you should have any questions regarding this matter please feel free to contact my office.

Sincerely,

.n ชิงุลโกด.cam

MENTOR

Core Gel Breast IDE Clinical Trial

2 YEAR VISIT

PATIENT STUDY ID:

TRIAL NO. | COUNTRY NO | 10-009 | 0 | 0 | 1 |

SITE NO

'T NO

PATIENT INITIALS

		<u> </u>				
RHEUMATOLOGY SYMPTOMS (Page 1 of 2)		1 🔲	No symp	toms; patient n	ot referred to	heumatologist
Please check any current symptoms which: 1. The patient experiences on a regular basis 2. The cause is unknown and cannot be attributed	to any patient a	ctivity.				
RHEUMATOLOGY SYMPTOM	STATUS SIN	CE LAST VISIT	1	E OF ONSET ew since last visit)	STATUS AS	OF THIS VISIT
	CONTINUING	NEW /	month	year year	RESOLVED	CONTINUING
Loss of weight without dieting		Ø	2	9003		U
Fatigue				2003		0
Insomnia						
Weakness		Ø	5	2003		0
Exhaustion		Ø	5	2003 2003		9
Joint swelling		Q	5	2003		9
Heel pain						
Frequent muscle cramps		Image: section of the content of the	5	2003		0
numbness of feet						
Ringing in ears						
Pain/grittiness in eyes						
Dryness of eyes, nose						
Pain on swallowing or chewing		Q	j	3003		9
Neck pain/stiffness		Ø	5	2003		0
Pain on breathing	. 🗆					
Heart murmurs						
Loss of appetite		Ø	5	2003		Ū.
Persistent fever						
Night sweats						
Generalized aching				2663		Q
as of height						
Joint pain		Ø	; ;	3663		Q.
Frequent muscle pain				2.1		

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Core Gel Breast IDE Clinical Trial

2 YEAR VISIT

PATIENT STUDY ID:

TRIAL NO 10-009 COUNTRY NO

0 0 1

PATIENT INITIALS

RHEUMATOLOGY SYMPTOM	STATUS SING	CE LAST VISIT	1	E OF ONSET	STATUS AS	OF THIS VISIT	
TO LONG TO ME TO ME	CONTINUING	NEW	month	ew since last visit) year	RESOLVED	CONTINUING	
Numbness of hands							
Jaw pain			5	2003			
Open sores							
Redness of eyes							
Dryness of mouth							
Back pain/stiffness		Q	5	よべう		9	
Severe chest pains							
Chronic cough							
ifficulty swallowing							
Frequent, severe or persistent diarrhea or constipation		Ø	; `	2003		0	
Severe rashes							
Frequent muscle cramps		Q	2	2003			
Severe dryness of skin							
Tender lumps/bumps							
Excessive sensitivity to sun							
Color changes on hands or feet with cold exposure							
Joint pain		\square	5	2003			
Frequent hives							
Numbness of hands							
Tightness of skin							
`usual hair loss							
Tendemess of scalp							
Severe bruising with little or no injury		Image: Control of the control of the	_	2(3)			

MENTOR Core Gel Breast IDE Clinical Trial					1			AD	VERSE EVENTS 1 YEAR VISIT	1 YEAR VISIT						
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WHITE ORIGINAL: MENTOR AFFILIATE YELLOW: MENTOR 8/15/00

PINK INVESTIGATOR SITE

New Diagnosis of Connective Tissue Disease Patient Summaries

Study ID:

Cohort: Augmentation

DOS: 10/23/00

Implant Type: smooth round gel

Placement: subpectoral MRI Substudy: NO MRI Scan Dates: n/a

Investigator:

This patient was enrolled in the Core Gel Study on 10/23/00 in the Augmentation cohort. No rheumatology symptoms were documented at the baseline and 1 Year visits. At the 2 Year visit, the patient reported eh following symptoms: fatigue, insomnia, weakness, exhaustion, joint swelling, heel pain, frequent cramps, numbness of feet, night sweats, generalized aching joint pain, frequent muscle pain, numbness of hands, chronic cough, joint swelling, joint tenderness and swollen digits. She was referred to a rheumatologist,

ordered the following tests:

1SH <0.004

T3 uptake 37

Free thyroxine 3.6

He reports these values are in the low-normal level. Her thyroid is in the upper limits of normal. She began taking bid 0.025 mg. He notes she has fibromyalgia syndrome and myofascial pain syndrome are a result of her thyroid deficiency. This consult was reviewed by a rheumatology expert who said she has hypothyroidism and as a result has thyroiditis, which is autoimmune in origin. The diagnosis should be reported as "Other:thyroiditis". This diagnosis was made 32 months from time of surgery.

At the 3 Year visit, all her symptoms had resolved with the exception of the following: loss of weight without dieting, joint swelling and tenderness.

This patient did not undergo an MRI scan. No rupture was suspected. She continues in the Core Gel Study under the care o will return for her 4 Year follow-up visit in 2004

10/17/2003 10:32 300

Jola to constructional

Board Corlified - Rheumatic Diseases

washington, 2. G. 20037

RHEUMATOLOGY VISIT

enrolled in core 10/83/10

THUL

October 21, 2002

Re:

continues to have arthralgias and myalgias but she is no longer getting arthritic inflammatory swelling. Her lab tests are completely negative for autoimmune arthritis and a bone scan done on October 4, 2002 was completely normal. The patient continues to have fatigue, myalgias, hair loss, a feeling of generalized coldness, and an inability to recover from her relatively aggressive exercise program which she has slowed down on. The patient does have a family history of thyroid disease in at least two relatives.

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION: Pulse 75, B/P 100/70, Weight 190-1/2 pounds. The patient has nonspecific soft tissue pain in the mid-thoracic and lower lumbar region without evidence of radicular pain and negative straight leg raising. What is interesting on her examination is that all her deep tendon reflexes are slowed, being only 1+ to trace positive with slow recovery time. Plantar reflex is negative. No sensory or motor deficit. No peripheral joint arthritis.

IMPRESSION:

- 1. Arthralgias.
- 2. Myalgias.
- 3. Fatigue.

The patient has had two thyroid tests in the low-normal level. She could certainly have an autoimmune thyroid problem. Thyroid antibody tests were ordered. Her thyroid is upper limits of normal and mildly normal. The patient was also empirically started on Synthroid 0.025 mg to be gradually increased over a month and we will reevaluate at that time.

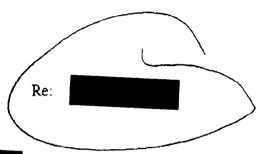
RRR:

CC:

Regard entitled as regarded

come verieseu - Transimalic Liseaves

January 28, 2003



Dear Roger

has apparently had a complete resolution of I am pleased to report that her musculoskeletal pain syndrome on Synthroid 0.15 mg daily. While her thyroid deficiency did not appear to he severe and currently is being evaluated by her endocrinologist the patient also has fibromyalgia syndrome and myofascial pain syndrome, as a consequence of the apparent thyroid deficiency and I have seen other patients who get exaggerated responses in their fibromyalgia when they have a relatively minor thyroid deficiency. The patient is seeing ter this week to further assess her endocrine status but the patient tells me s else has come up medically. The patient is still challenged with her weight gain and currently, she is at 190 pounds but she has essentially a normal medical examination today and she is encouraged that she begin an exercise program and a weight reduction program. I have advised her not to consider any plastic surgery until she has lost some of the weight that she has gained. We will check her thyroid levels on her current dose of medication.

Sincerely,

RRR:mdi/mpg

CC:

* TS# is low- partial had raised has synthes. I from 0.075 o 0.15 - will reduce synthes. I to 0.125 & mekeelle Tyroid lease!

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